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Analysis of Risk Triggers in Public Tertiary Education Building Projects

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Design Development Stage

while many budget overruns are due to certain circumstances observed as risk factors
 what triggers risks in public tertiary education building projects (TEBP)?









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 The aim of the study is to determine the risk triggers in public tertiary education building projects (TEBP) with a view to enhancing the performance of these projects.

Objectives

- To identify the various risk triggers in building projects from literature.
- To assess respondents' perceptions on the identified risk triggers.







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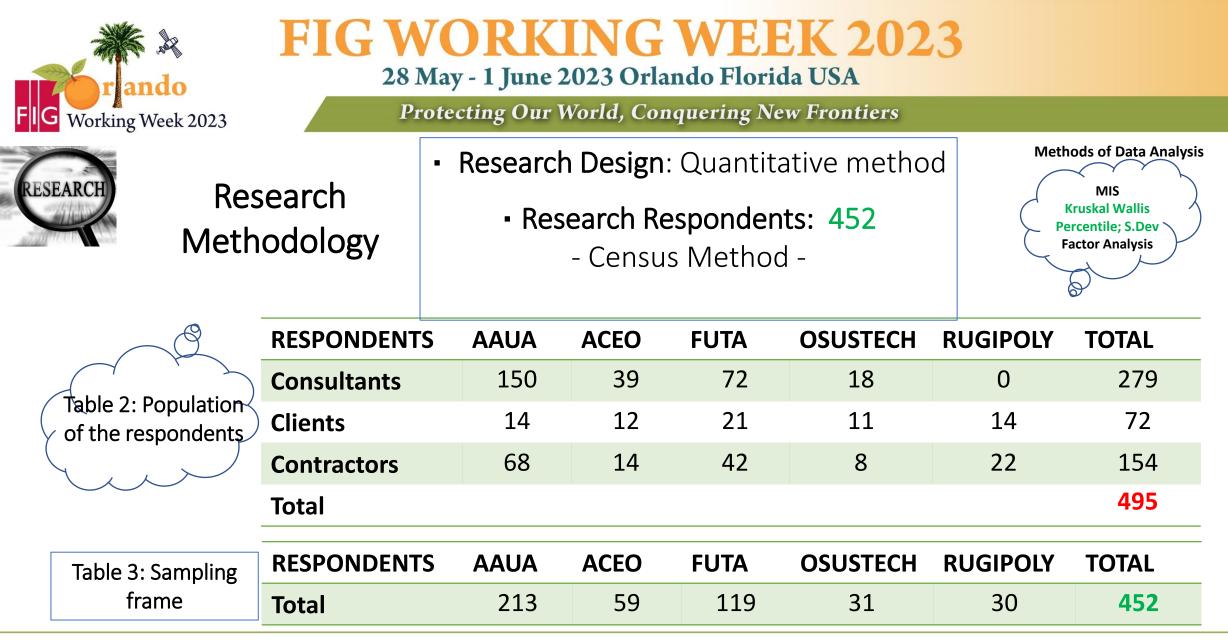


Literature Review

| Factors | Reference Sources | | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Location of the project | (Adedokun & Agboola, 2018; Akanni et al., 2015; Aydogan & Koksal, 2013; | | | |
| Location of the project | Ayegba et al., 2014; Bing & Tiong, 1999; Uher & Loosemore, 2004) | | | |
| Financial constraints | (Abdul-Rahman et al., 2011; Abdul Rahman et al., 2013; Beck et al., 2005; | | | |
| | Lau & Kong, 2019; Musso & Schiavo, 2007) | | | |
| Materials used | (Babu, 2015; Kuebutornye et al., 2018; Nwachukwu & Emoh, 2011) | | | |
| | (Adedokun & Agboola, 2018; Ayegba et al., 2014; Ishtiaq & Jahanzaib, | | | |
| Complexity of the projects | 2017; Kim & Wilemon, 2003; Lebcir & Choudrie, 2011; Luo et al., 2016; | | | |
| | Maylor et al., 2008; Wood & Ashton, 2010) | | | |
| Methods of construction | (Adeleke et al., 2019; Ayegba et al., 2014; Ehsan et al., 2010; Obalola, 2017) | | | |
| Project duration | (Adeleke et al., 2019; Bing & Tiong, 1999; Ehsan et al., 2010; Obalola, 2017) | | | |
| Economic requirements | (Adedokun et al., 2019; Adeleke et al., 2019; Lester, 2006; Obalola, 2017) | | | |
| Special and legal conditions | (Adeleke et al., 2019; Jaafari, 2001; Obalola, 2017) | | | |
| Contract type | (Bing & Tiong, 1999; Håkansson et al., 2007; Osipova, 2008) | | | |
| Use of the building | (Adedokun et al., 2019; Ayegba et al., 2014) | | | |
| Contract value | (Adedokun et al., 2019; Bing & Tiong, 1999) | | | |
| | Location of the project Financial constraints Materials used Complexity of the projects Methods of construction Project duration Economic requirements Special and legal conditions Contract type Use of the building | | | |













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Data presentation

Table 4: Demographics of the respondents

| Category | Classification | | Frequency | Percent | |
|----------------------|--------------------------|---------|-----------|---------|----------------|
| Profession | Quantity Surveying | | 96 | 34.4 | |
| Of | Architecture | | 42 | 15.1 | 452 |
| Respondents | Building | | 48 | 17.2 | questionnaires |
| | Structural/Civil Enginee | ring | 51 | 18.3 | distributed |
| | Electrical Engineering | | 27 | 9.7 | distributed |
| | Mechanical Engineering | | | 5.4 | |
| | Total | | 279 | 100.00 | |
| Years | 1-5 | | 42 | 15.1 | 279 |
| Of | 6 - 10 | 12 | 69 | 24.7 | questionnaires |
| Working | 11 – 15 | 13years | 63 | 22.6 | |
| Experience | 16 – 20 | approx. | 63 | 22.6 | |
| | Above 21 | | 42 | 15.1 | |
| Mean | 13.04 To | tal | 279 | 100.00 | 61.73% |
| | | | | | return rate |
| | | | | | |
| Type of Organization | Client organization | | 69 | 24.7 | |
| | Contracting firm | | 96 | 34.4 | |
| | Consulting firms | | 114 | 40.9 | |
| | Тс | otal | 279 | 100.00 | |







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| Data | | | | | |
|-------------------|---|------|-------------------|------|-----------------|
| Data presentation | Factors Mear | | Std. Deviation | Rank | Asymp . Sig. |
| Cont'd | 1. Financial constraint | 4.02 | .881 | 1 | .530 |
| | 2. Location of project | 3.96 | .974 | 2 | .220 |
| | 3. Project type | 3.91 | 1.035 | 3 | .720 |
| | Complexity of the projects (nature of design) | 3.90 | .986 | 4 | .021 |
| | 5. Materials used | 3.83 | 1.024 | 5 | .606 |
| | 6. Contract value | 3.75 | .913 | 6 | .211 |
| | 7. Methods of construction | 3.75 | 1.014 | 7 | .628 |
| | 8. Project duration (time limit) | 3.71 | 1.124 | 8 | .010 |
| | 9. Economic requirements | 3.61 | .997 | 9 | .000 |
| | 10. Special and legal conditions | 3.44 | 1.023 | 10 | .292 |
| | 11. Use of the building | 3.34 | 1.104 | 11 | .005 |

7 factors out of 11 Convergent Views



Test Statistics: a) Mean Item Score, b) Kruskal Wallis Test (Grouping

Variable – Type of organization)

Aiyegba, Ijigah and Agbo (2014), Bing and Tiong (1999)







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| Data | |
|--------------|--|
| presentation | |
| Cont'd | |

| Table 6: Risk Triggers Rotated Component Mat | rix | | | | | | |
|--|--------------|------------|---------|--------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| | | Component | | | | | |
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | |
| Complexity of the project (nature of design) | 0.788 | | | | $1\sqrt{ m Project}$ Technical | | |
| Methods of construction | 0.778 | | | | Factors | | |
| Materials used | 0.747 | | | | | | |
| The use to which building will be put | 0.663 | | | | 2 \checkmark Project Requirements | | |
| Economic requirements | | 0.829 | | | & Constraints | | |
| Special & legal conditions | | 0.741 | | | | | |
| Project duration (time limit) | | 0.674 | | | $3\sqrt{\text{Project}}$ | | |
| Financial constraint | | 0.543 | | | Characteristics/Attributes | | |
| Project type | | | 0.836 | | | | |
| Location of project | | | 0.774 | | 4 $\sqrt{1}$ Project Value/Worth | | |
| Contract value | | | | 0.898 | 4 VIIoject Value/ Worth | | |
| % Variances | 21.285 | 19.720 | 14.506 | 12.963 | Chetty (2020), Forcada et al. | | |
| Reliability scores (Cronbach's alpha) | 0.753 | 0.724 | 0.711 | - | (2017), Adedokun <i>et al.</i> (2019) | | |
| Extraction Method: Principal Component Anal with Kaiser Normalization. | ysis. Rotati | on Method: | Varimax | | | | |
| - Detetion conversed in 7 iterations | | | | | | | |

a. Rotation converged in 7 iterations.







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Conclusion & Recommendation

• existence of factors triggering risks in TEBP, leading to risk occurrence & nonperformance in terms of cost , time, quality etc.

• out of the eleven factors, financial constraints, location of the project, and project type are the top three risk triggers in TEBP.

• these findings provide important insights that could inform policies and strategies aimed at enhancing the performance of TEBP.

• adequate provisions for funds should be made by the client while also removing the administrative bottlenecks (constraints) in the release of fund to the contractor.

via speedy processing of payment certificates by the consultants to enhance cashflow







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Thank you!!!





