# **XXVII FIG Congress**

"Volunteering for the future - Geospatial excellence for a better living" 12th September 2022, Warsaw, Poland

Presentation is based on documents and presentations from UN-GGIM and EuroSDR https://ggim.un.org; http://www.eurosdr.net

Presented by: Eva-Maria Unger, Kadaster, the Netherlands



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#### Global Development Frameworks

#### 2030 AGENDA FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030 Paris Agreement on Climate Change

#### UN-GGIM Global Geospatial Frameworks

INTEGRATED GEOSPATIAL INFORMATION FRAMEWORK (IGIF)

Strategic Framework on Geospatial Information and Services for Disasters Global Statistical Geospatial Framework (GSGF) Framework for Effective Land Administration (FELA)

SAMOA Pathway for SIDS
Addis Ababa Action Agenda
Habitat III New Urban Agenda
Our Ocean, Our Future:
Call for Action

Global Fundamental Geospatial Data Themes
Global Geodetic Reference Frame (GGRF)
National Institutional Arrangements in Geospatial Information Management
Role of Standards in Geospatial Information Management
Compendium on Licensing of Geospatial Information
Statement of Shared Guiding Principles for Geospatial Information Management



**UN-GGIM** 

United Nations Committee of Experts on Global Geospatial Information Management

**SDGs** 

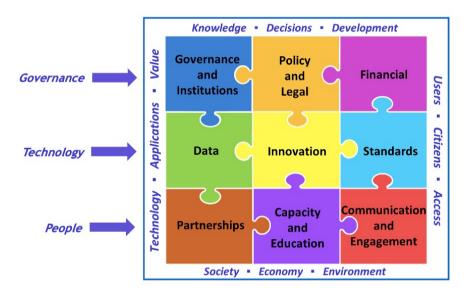
Geospatial Roadmap



# The Framework for Effective Land Administration

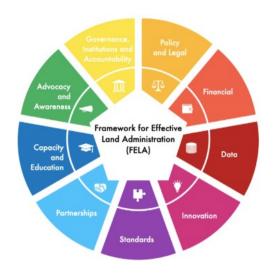
Sustainable development demands effective land administration

#### **Integrated Geospatial Information Framework**



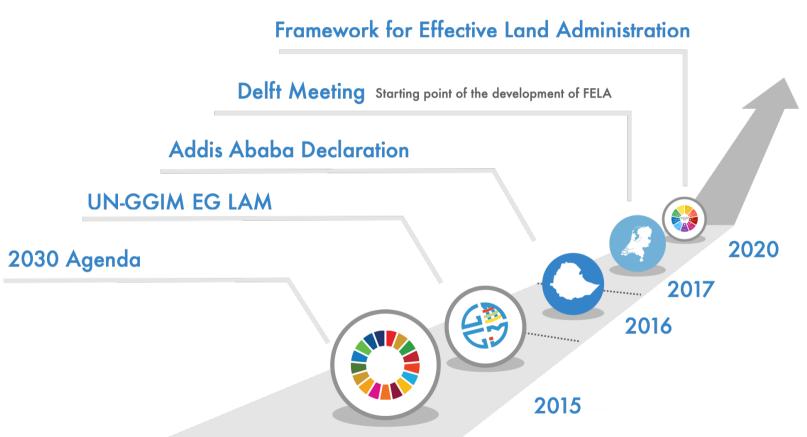
- Overarching Framework adopted at 8<sup>th</sup> Session
- Implementation Guide 2020 adopted at 10<sup>th</sup> Session
- 9 Strategic Pathways
- 36 Key Elements
  - **IGIF**

#### Framework for Effective Land Administration



- Adopted at 10<sup>th</sup> Session
- FELA is fully aligned with the IGIF\*
   \*I. Accountability; IX: Advocacy and Awareness
- FELA implements the IGIF for the land sector
- FELA



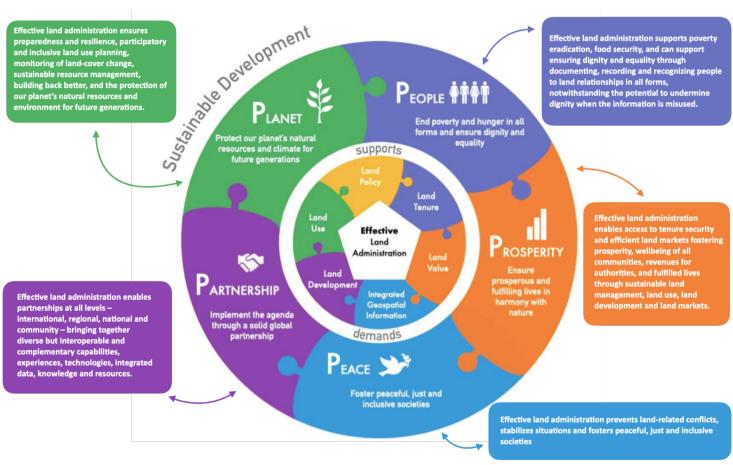


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## The Framework for Effective Land Administration

#### Sustainable development demands effective land administration







# The Framework for Effective Land Administration

# Sustainable development demands effective land administration

#### Effective land administration caters to all people, and must:

- Develop confidence and trust, promote security, safety, peace and peace building;
- Accelerate the proportion of population with tenure security;
- Allow economic development by supporting land value capture revenue systems that are  $\P$  equitable and transparent;
- Strengthen multi-disciplinary and multi-sectoral participation to achieve integrated geospatial information;
- Contribute to smart and resilient rural and urban societies, with equitable spatial/land vuse planning, and land development;
- Properticipatory and inclusive land use, and land use planning;
- Promote the recognition of the inherent rights of indigenous and vulnerable peoples to their lands, territories and resources, and recognise collective traditions, customs and customary tenures, consistent with existing obligations under national and international law:
- Encourage efficient, sustainable and fair land markets, where appropriate, that take into account land tenure, value, use and land development aspects;
- Cater to all circumstances, situations and people in times of peace and prosperity, in times of stress and hardship (including disaster and conflicts, forced migration and human displacement, poverty, food and water scarcity);
- © Enable partnership, bringing and building together knowledge, skills and experiences on land tenure, land value, land use and land development; and
- Promote preparedness and resilience on climate change issues and support biodiversity, conservation and ecosystem sustainability.





EuroSDR with the support of UN-GGIM Europe and the UN-GGIM EG-LAM, initiated a small project in summer 2021 to raise awareness of the merits and benefits of effective land administration and to share knowledge and experience leveraging the FELA as overarching policy guidance





- Joep Crompvoets, KU Leuven, Belgium
- Anka Lisec, University of Ljubljana, Slovenia
- Frédéric Cantat, IGN, France

- Eva-Maria Unger, Kadaster, the Netherlands
- Rohan Bennett, Kadaster, the Netherlands

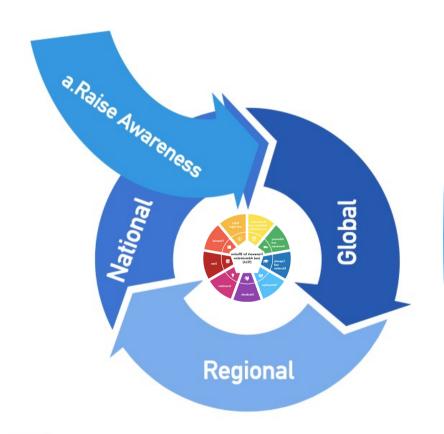




- a. Raise awareness and promote the usefulness of the FELA:
- b. Develop guidance to implement the FELA utilising the IGIF Implementation Guide;
- c. Develop an assessment mechanism to support the implementation of the FELA;
- d. Share and exchange knowledge, information, use cases, practices, experiences and examples; and
- e. Engage and collaborate with regional committees, in particular, UN-GGIM: Africa



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- Collate and disseminate examples, use cases, good practices
- Organise international seminars, forums and workshops etc.

# Regional

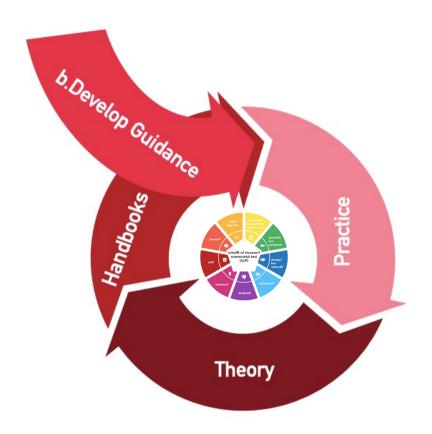
- Engage regional committees of UN-GGIM
- Contribute to regional and sub-regional engagement and activities

# National

- Get FELA onto agenda of donor projects
- Dialogue through projects with other la
- Get 'buy in' from policy-makers and po







#### **Practice**

- Online platform with FELA as overarching framework
- Direct links to existing and globally recognized tools
- Provide forum for practitioners

# Theory

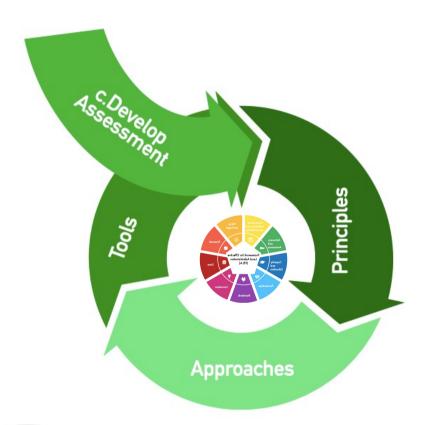
- Involve academic and research institutions
- Engage with other relevant domains (environmental etc.)

## **Handbooks**

 Develop handbooks and checklists based on in-country experiences









- Elaborate guiding principles relevant to national circumstances
  - \* No intention to measure and rank one over another

# **III** Approaches

- 'No one size fits all'
- A suite of approaches that can be tailored to national circumstances for implementation
- Guidance to evaluate options according to country context

# Tools

 Develop 'light weight' resource materials, references or tools – keeping in mind country context





# **Channels**

- Identify available and required channels
- Formal and Informal
- Strategic messages and value propositions

# $rac{\mathbf{Y}}{\mathbf{Y}}$ Champions

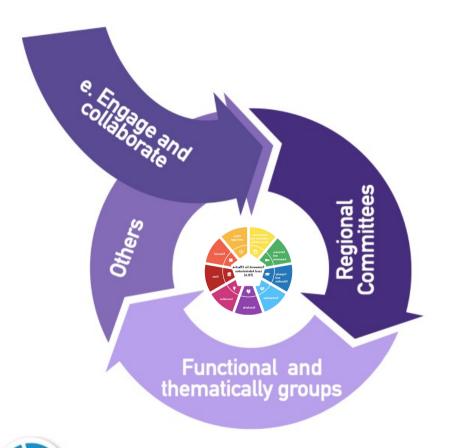
- · Identify national and local champions
- Ensure those champions share and exchange experiences and lessons learnt

# Platform

 Use mechanisms/platforms which are affordable and inclusive







## Regional Committees

- WG of Regional Committees
- Regional training and research institutes
- Functional and thematical groups
  - Standards development organizations
- Others
  - Civil society
  - International and Regional Development organizations (donors)
  - Philanthropic entities





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Inspired by the FIG Cadastre 2014 and subsequent Cadastral Template surveys

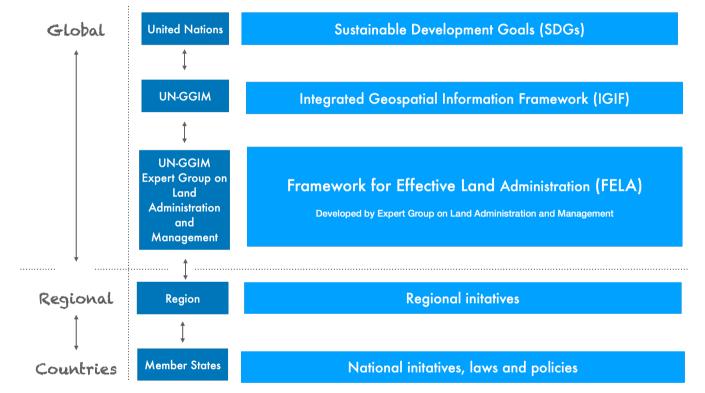
The objectives were to be achieved by a combined approach:

- 1) FELA was to be widely shared and promoted;
- 2) An online survey was designed and completed to gain sector-wide insights;
- 3) In-depth key-informant interviews are to be conducted with relevant experts;
- 4) A workshop is to be organised, of which the findings will serve as inputs;
- 5) A publication will be published as an Official EuroSDR Publication (which is scientifically indexed) and made widely available as an Open Access publication and various other formats; and
- 6) Knowledge transfer via the organisation of an EduServ course





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Graphic adapted from: Unger, E.M.; Bennett, R.; Lemmen, C.; de Zeeuw, K.; Zevenbergen, J.; Teo, C.; Crompvoets, J. (2020) Global policy transfer for land administration and disaster risk management. In: Land Use Policy, December 2020

**Vertical Policy Transfer** 

(a) UN/UN-GGIM/EG-LAM (FELA)/Regional/National - between governance layers

'Policy Transfer' means the process by which actors borrow policies developed in one setting to develop programs and policies within another (Dolowitz & Marsh, 1996)

Two concepts: institutional and/or networked approach





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The selection of participants was restricted to European countries, with an existing relationship with EuroSDR and/or UN-GGIM Europe.

#### Participating countries:

Austria, •

Belgium,
 Latvia,

Bosnia & Herzegovina,
 Luxembourg,

Bulgaria,

the Netherlands,

• Cyprus,

Portugal,

Czech Republic,

Scotland,

Denmark,

Slovenia.

• England and Wales,

• Spain,

Estonia.

Sweden

Finland.

Switzerland.

Germany,

The participating countries represent all regions of Europe: Central and Eastern, Northern, Southern and Western Europe.

In total
21
countries
participated





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- Online survey approach aimed to create an overview of the different stages of awareness and uptake of the FELA by the Members of EuroSDR and/or UN-GGIM Europe
- Done by converting the FELA framework into a series of questions
- Each FELA strategic pathway question set would allow for a mix of quantitative and qualitative data to be collected
- Questions were created based on insights provided through the development of the FELA, as well as the specific context and discussions during the various EG-LAM meetings
- Survey included both closed and open-ended questions
  - Closed-ended question provided multiple choice answer option, therefore a set of answers was offered (Whilst this might be considered a constraint, it was felt the benefits of enabling comparison between countries outweighed the prescriptive nature of the responses provided)

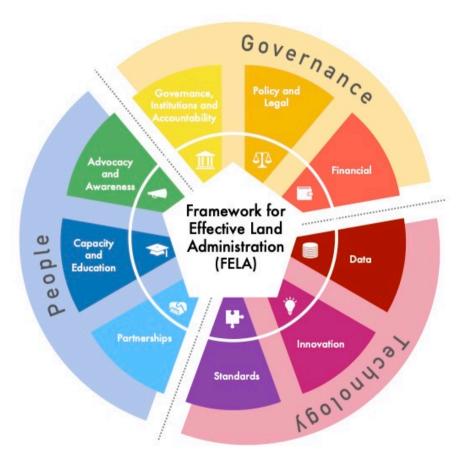
Open-ended questions provided for more in-depth insights at a country-specific level to be provided







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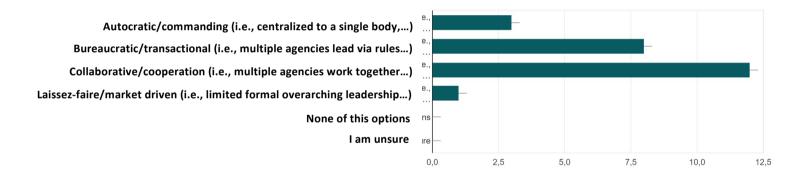




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This question relates to the FELA Pathway I 'Governance, Institutions and Accountability' – FELA calls for clear governance models, leadership, institutional structure and a clear value proposition. FELA describes the importance of the political endorsement to strengthen the institutional mandate.

Which option best describes leadership in the land administration sector in your jurisdiction?



Both bureaucratic and collaborative leadership styles were the two most frequently mentioned, (collaborative way being the main trend). Going further, qualitative answers revealed there is cases of mixed leadership with some tasks being defined through laws (most of the time the overall mandate) and others by collaboration with other key stakeholders.





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This question relates to the FELA Pathway II 'Policy and Law" – FELA calls for the creation and existence of sound policy and legal frameworks relating to land tenure, land use, land value, and land development is fundamental.

Does your jurisdiction have a clear, concise, comprehensive and integrated land policy(s)?



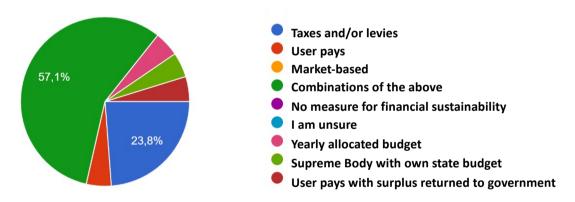
Most respondents suggest the jurisdiction in question does have a clear, concise, and integrated land policy. This was perhaps above what was expected, given the historical divergence in aspects of land management and governance in many jurisdictions. Important here is that it was observed, based on the qualitative data that the land policy seems to be very clear and concise but when overlapping issues such as spatial planning, environmental impact etc. mandates as well as political interest differ.



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This question relates to the FELA Pathway III 'Finance' – FELA stresses the necessity for sound, accountable and transparent financial governance and management to focus on the importance of understanding the implementation costs and the required ongoing financial commitment necessary for maintenance,

How does the land administration sector sustain itself financially in your jurisdiction?



From the variety of responses it is clear that there are different methods to sustain services and maintain data. Majority presents a combination of taxes and/or levies, user payment and market-based approaches separate state budgets or allocated budgets are also still dominantly presented.



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Appears to be a level of homogeneity in the surveyed countries with respect to governance structures, leadership, laws, and finance. Perhaps expected due to historical origins of systems and the recent influence of European Commission

There are outliers though. These could indicate different interpretations of the question, or that a given jurisdiction is taking a substantially different approach to land administration – therefore in-depth interviews

In general, it could be assumed that most countries are (or until now) have been moving towards a more collaboration and diversification in land administration decision making and mandate.







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Need to analyze thoroughly the qualitative data, and assess its alignment with the quantitative results, the need to refine the survey further, apply inferential statistics

It has been shown that it is possible to convert FELA into a tool for assessment and awareness raising

This work is part of a broader activity/collaboration between UN-GGIM Europe and EuroSDR. It is positive to see this kind of policy transfer work taking place







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FELA is seen as enabler for partnerships

FELA is 'maturity-agnostic', and 'no one size fits all' approach

FELA fosters continual improvement

FELA does not measure one country against another

FELA helps to assess the 'as is' and the 'wants to be' situation, through trend analysis

FELA provides common language, to sit around the table







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#### Digital Transformation of Land Administration: Stages, Status, and Solutions

Rohan BENNETT, Australia, Suren TOVMASYAN, Armenia, Indra HUTABARAT, Clava PATRAMA PUTRA GINTING, Aulia LATIF Indonesia, Eva-Maria UNGER, Austria, Vincent VERHEIJ and Indidustrial der VEGT, The Netherlands

Key words. Revenia, Indonesia, UN-GGIM, FELA

Table 1. Digital Transformation opportunities and challenges		
	Pathway	Opportunities and Challenges
	Governance,	Vision for ATR/BPN digital transformation that is holistic
	Institutions and	Digital transformation champions at multiple levels
	Accountability	Alignment of digital strategies withi ATR/BPN and with external
		stakeholders
	Law and Policy	Legislative and regulatory harmonisation
		Assessment of a positive system of land registration
		Ensuring workable, enforceable, and are adequately resourced law
	Finance	Sustainable business model p.0-2025
		Government business Atterprise model exploration
		A divaria ssystem of JPP service models
	-1/-	Performence metrics redesign around benefits realisation and SDGs
(K	D ta	Vision for data governance across ATR/BPN, post-2025
	7 '- '	R&D audit and review on cadastral and land registration data
1	•	Fast-tracking mapping 126M parcels by 2025 (keep going!)
		Developing and implementing better quality assurance standards
		Ensuring a robust federated database infrastructure is developed
	Innovation	Formalised innovation bench making program across ATR/BPN
		Licentive schemes at all levels
		Formalise R&D collaborations across sector
		Digital divide audit
	Standards	Audit governance of standards in ATR/BPN
		Assess range of <b>technology</b> and data initiatives in terms good
		practices
		Development of both internal and industry-wide certification
		protocols
		Fostering of a community of practice to support awareness raising
	Partnerships	Reviewing partnership and establishment new partnership ecosystem
		(NGOs)
		Assess PR 38/2015 with regards to land sector PPPs
		PaLaR (i.e., FFPLA) review on embeddedness into PTSL
	C	Donor-working group creation for optimisation
	Capacity and Education	Plan for keeping capacity in ATR/BPN
	Education	Fast-tracking skill areas for maintaining the data
	Communications	Support professional bodies and encourage self-accreditation
	and Awareness	Revisit key stakeholder lists and related communications plans Ensure World Bank project comms are institutionalised
	and Awareness	
		Examining the current monitoring and evaluation mechanisms





# Implementing the Framework for Effective Land Administration Sustainable development demands effective land administration

# Thank You!







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FELA is referencing to various policy documents, tools, and approaches aiming to cover the diverse nature of land administration. Is there something missing in FELA? If so, please specify. What kind of next steps would you like to see for FELA?

