



Combining Terrestrial and GNSS Technolgies for Geodetic Monitoring

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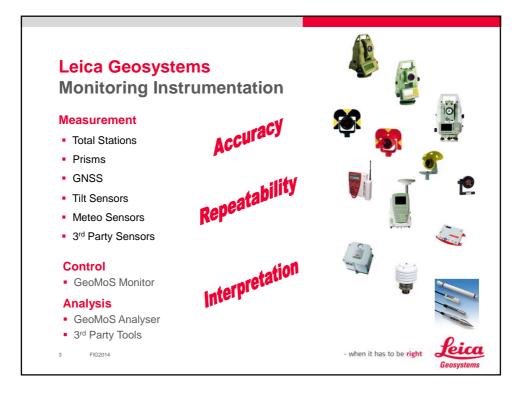


# **Structural Monitoring Technolgies** Introduction

- Monitoring Instrumentation
  - Reflectors, Reference Points, Monumentation, Measurement Hut
- Existing Monitoring Project
  - Total Station and Meteo Sensor
- Further Additions
  - GNSS Technologies, (GPS, GLONASS, GALILEO, COMPASS)

FIG2014





# **Leica Geosystems Monitoring Instrumentation**

### **Total Stations - TPS**

- TPS are the fundamental basis of 3D monitoring as they enable efficient measurement of absolute 3D deformation of a large number of points over short ranges
- Provide relative precision to monitoring points from the fixed reference frame.
  - Dependant on instrument angular and distance accuracy
  - Atmospherics

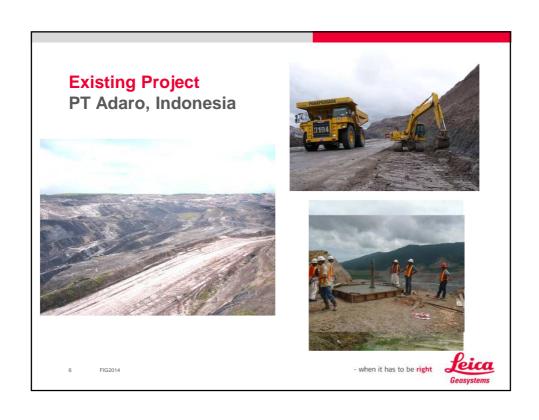
## **GNSS Equipment - GNSS**

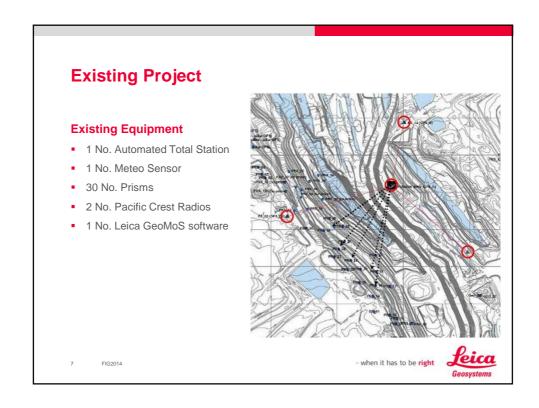
- GPNSS Equipment provides an absolute position for a single point.
- RTK Positioning provides 10mm+1PPM
- Static Positioning provides 3mm + 0.5PPM

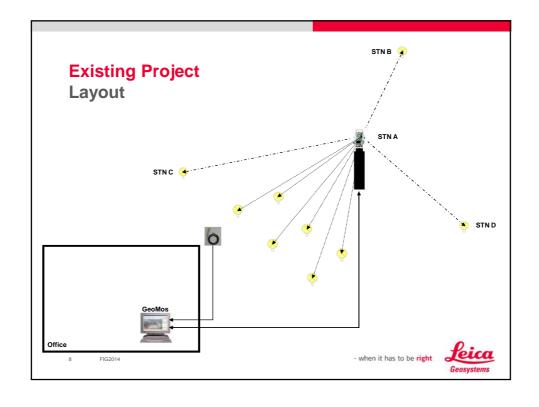
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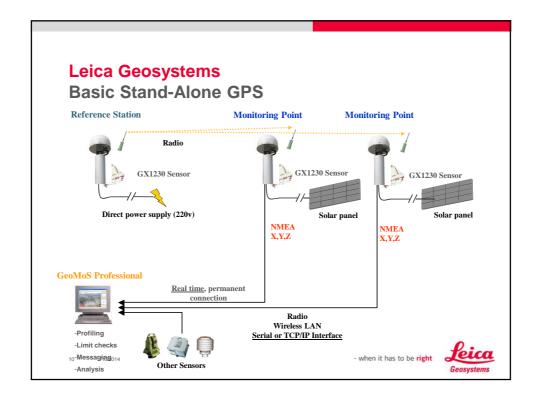


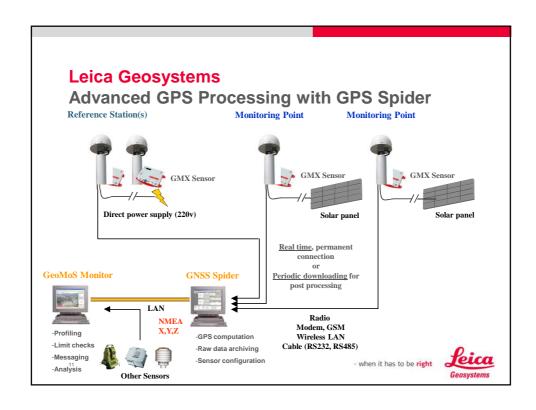
# Existing Project 1st Feb – 17th Feb 2006 Over 17 day period various observations were made: Free station residuals showing reference prisms were moving Slope distances changing over time, irrespective of atmospheric corrections. Significant changes in reference prisms positions were shown by independent survey.

Proposal made to install a GPS system to position Total Station and Reference Prisms

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- when it has to be **right** 

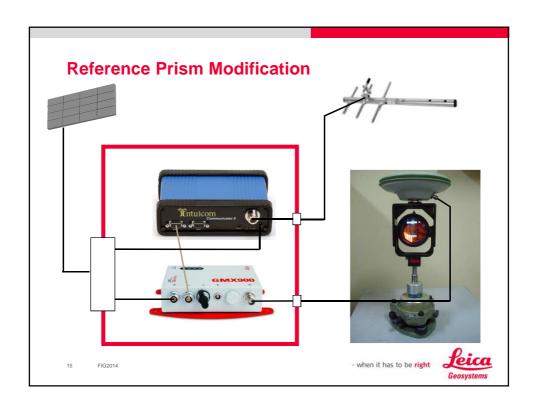




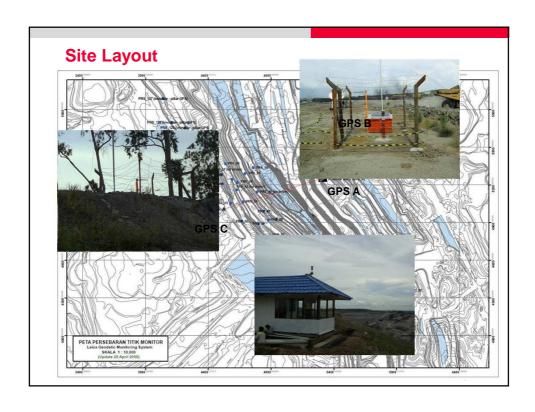


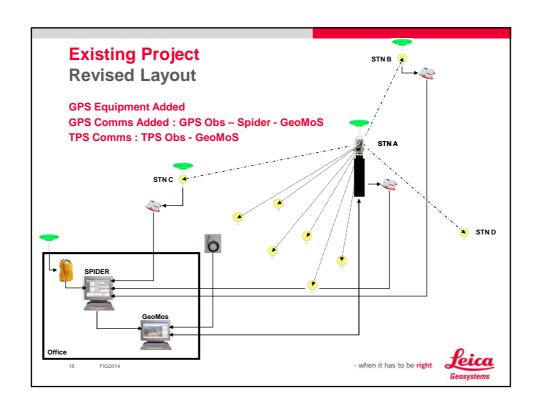


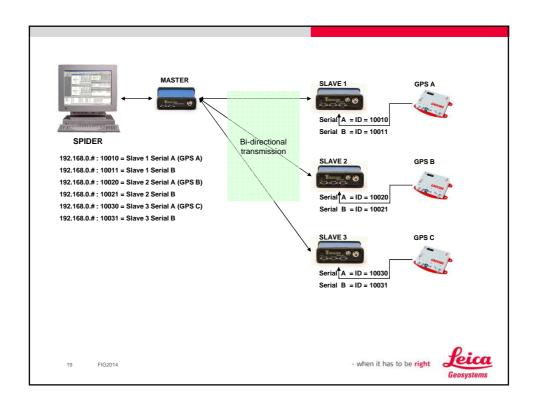


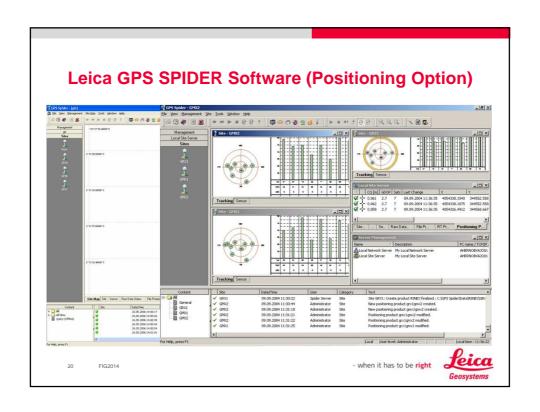


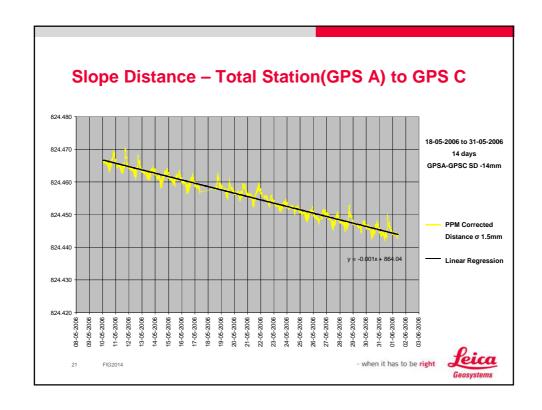


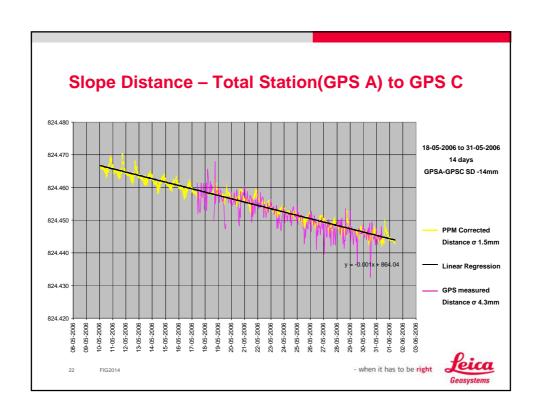


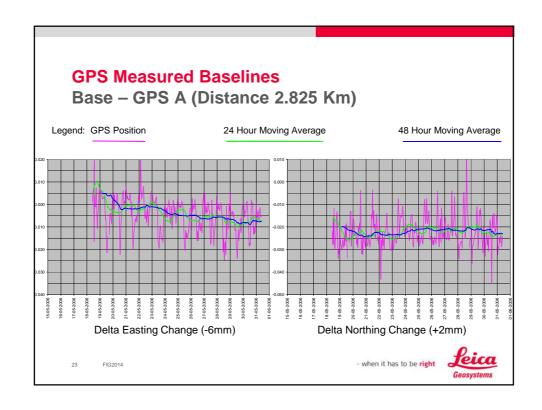


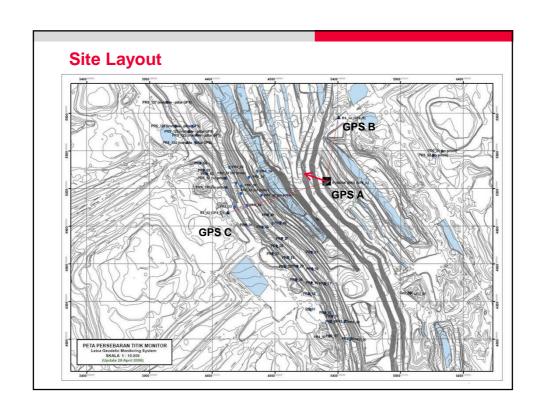


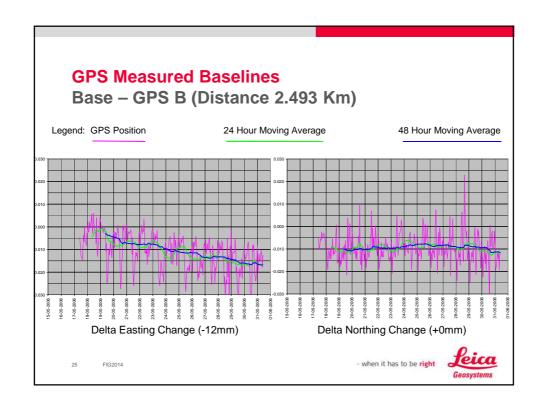


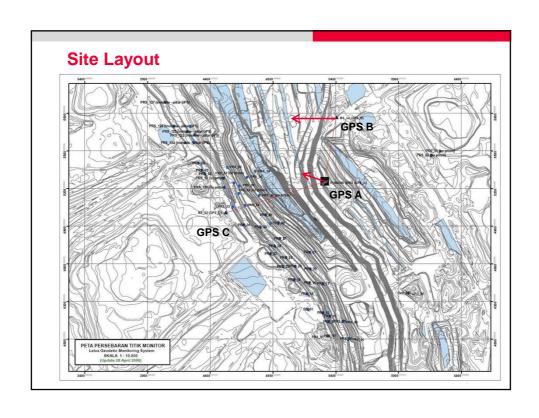


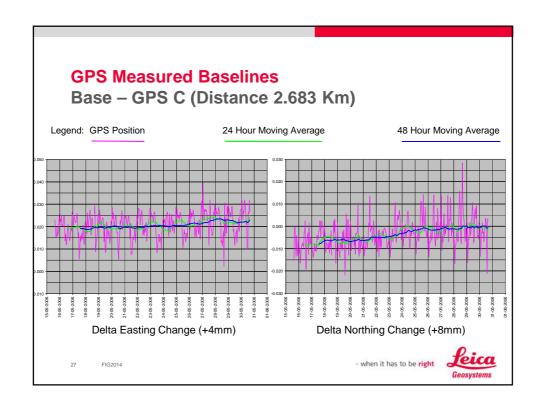


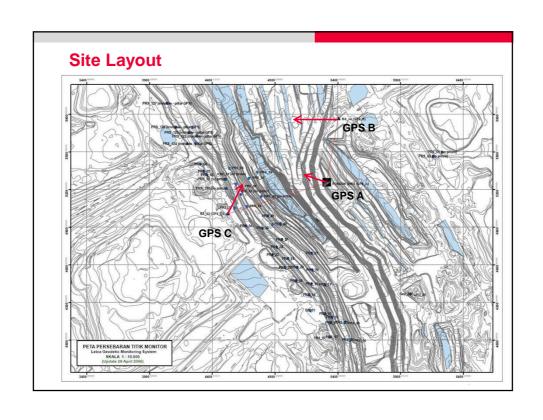


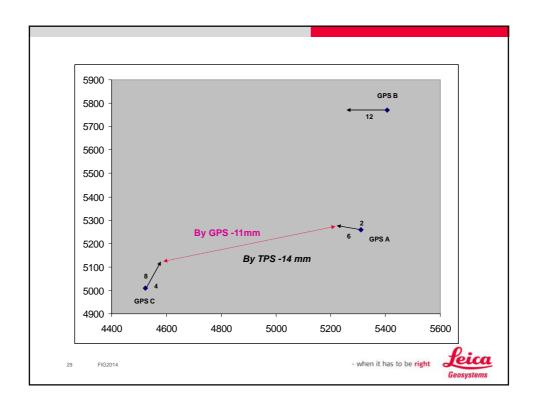












# In Conclusion

## **Existing Project – TPS alone**

• Significant movements were noticeable by looking at free station residuals and changes in slope distance measurements over time.

# Trial Project – addition of GPS

- Direct correlation between Total Station distance measurements and GPS moving average RTK measurements.
- Prefer to use 48 hours Static survey, to achieve 2-3mm positional accuracy of total station and reference station position.
- Since system is dynamic in nature, position of reference prisms are always moving. This can translate to an inaccuracy of +/-5mm to the monitoring points. Which is acceptable in a mining environment.

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