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The Most Suitable Sizes Of Ground Control Points (Gcps) For World View2

INTRODUCTION

High resolution satellite images, (less than 1 m. Resolution) are used in many fields.

For example, updating existing maps, land use mapping, urban planning, disaster monitoring, and so on.

To use high resolution satellite images in such fields, they have to be rectified.

Rectification process is done by points, whose coordinates are known in both land and image.

The selected points may indicate either measured points in the field or/and can be designated as visible points in images.

These points may represent; building corner, road cross, painting objects, etc.

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INTRODUCTION

Points which are set up in the field are either acquired from existing maps or from image matching the research site.

The main purpose of the present study is to identify the most suitable size of the field points, which might be marked in land by using ground control points for rectification.

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IMPORTANCE OF CONTROL POINTS

Acquisition of ground control points (GCPs) is particularly important for geometric correction of high resolution satellite images.

The commercial high resolution satellite image can be accurately rectified using the combination of bias-corrected rational polynomial coefficients (RPCs) and ground control points (GCPs).

However, the accuracy of the results is dependent on the precision of the GCPs.

If we select or use big sized GCP, it is difficult to find the centre of the point on the image.

If we select or use small sized GCP in this time, we cannot see the point on the image.

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WORLVIEW-2

WorldView-2, launched October 2009, is the first high-resolution8-band multispectral commercial satellite. Operating at an altitude of 770 kilometers, WorldView-2 provides 46 cm* panchromatic resolution and 1.84 meter* multispectral resolution. WorldView-2 has an average revisit time of 1.1 days and is capable of collecting up to 975,000 square kilometers (376,000 square miles) per day**, more than tripling the Digital Globe multispectral collection capacity for more rapid and reliable collection.

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WORLVIEW-2

The WorldView-2 system, offering incredible accuracy, agility, capacity and spectral diversity, allows DigitalGlobe to substantially expand its imagery product offerings to both commercial and government customers.

- * Distribution and use of imagery at better than 0.50 m GSD pan and 2.0 m GSD multispectral is subject to prior approval by the U.S. Government.
- ** Panchromatic collection

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TEST AREA , OFFICE AND FIELD STUDY

Test area

196 km2 test field has been selected for study in the Konya - TURKEY.

Selected areas consist of setlement areas, university, mountain and flat fields.

There are no trees on the test field.

The heihgt differences are about between 1000 and 1500m.

Acquisition date of WorldView2 stereo image is 7 sebtember 2011

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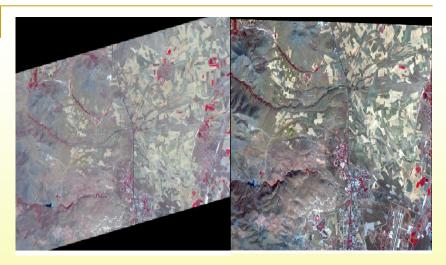


Photo: Stereo image

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Office and Field studies

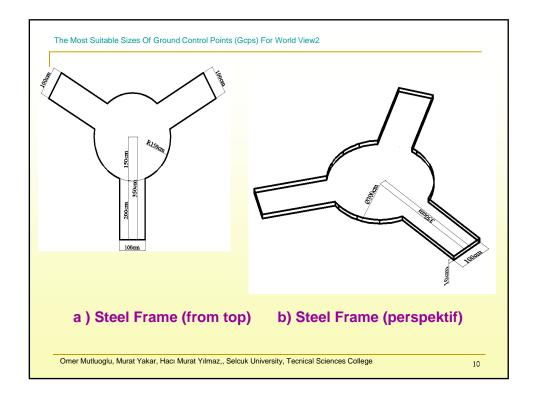
First of all; location of GCPs have been selected on the 1/25000 scaled map.

Nonresidental places have been selected for GCP.

The aim of this is prevent of GCP from the destroying and secondly to use for other different studies.

Steel Frame with measurements given has been made for the GCP.

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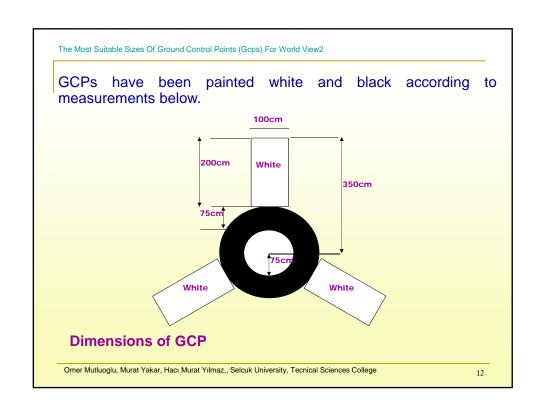


Selected GCPs have been set up using of steel frame <u>poured</u> <u>concrete</u> on the field .



Photo: Poure concrete of GCP on the field.

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a) The GCP on the field

b) The GCP on the image

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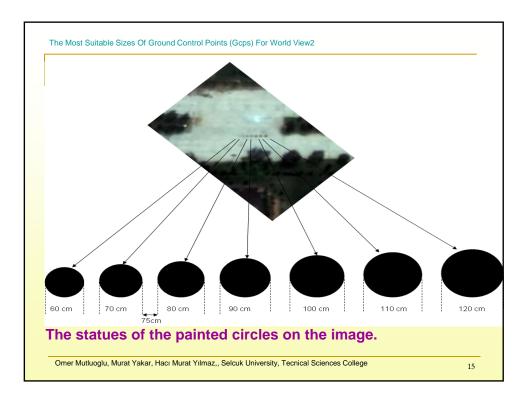
In addition, 60,70,80,90,100,110,120 cm diametred circles have been set up on the field to investigate visibilities of the GCP size on the image. There are 75 cm spaces between every circle.



a) Painted circles on the field

b) Painted circles on the image

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CONCLUSION

Rectification process could be done without ground control points.

But, accuracy of rectification with ground control points is higher.

Certainly, using ground control points of bigger size than satellite image resolution may increase visibility of these points.

Therefore, the size of the control points is an important factor during analysis of images.

Time of measurement, cost and accuracy are also important factors in map productions.

Selection of an optimal size of ground control points may decrease both cost and consuming time of application.

Moreover, some application errors may take place as results of using big size ground control points as it in small ones.

The contrast of ground's color and differences between points color are also important factors in visibility of points.

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CONCLUSION

Image interpreting and coordinate readings are related to operator's ability, eye sensitivity, image's quality and resolution directly.

The present study shows that the most suitable size of ground control point is about 1 m diameter points.

At times, very GCPs small sized can be seen on the image but this is not true for every condition.

In our test area, we can see 80 cm diameter circle but visibility is weak.

So according to this study about 1 m is optimal GCP size for rectification of World view 2.

But, in order to get a standard of required ground control point sizes, ground control points should be investigated in stereo, grayscale and different resolutions images.

For example, this study can be aplied to different satellite images such as Geoeye, Ouickbird so.

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THANKS ...

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