



BULA WELCOME

FIG/IAG/UN-GGIM-AP/ICG/GSI/JFS Technical Seminar

Reference Frame in Practice Kobe, Japan, 29-30 July 2017



FIJI GEODETIC NETWORK

Asakaia Tabuabisataki

Principal Surveyor

Ministry of Lands and Mineral Resources

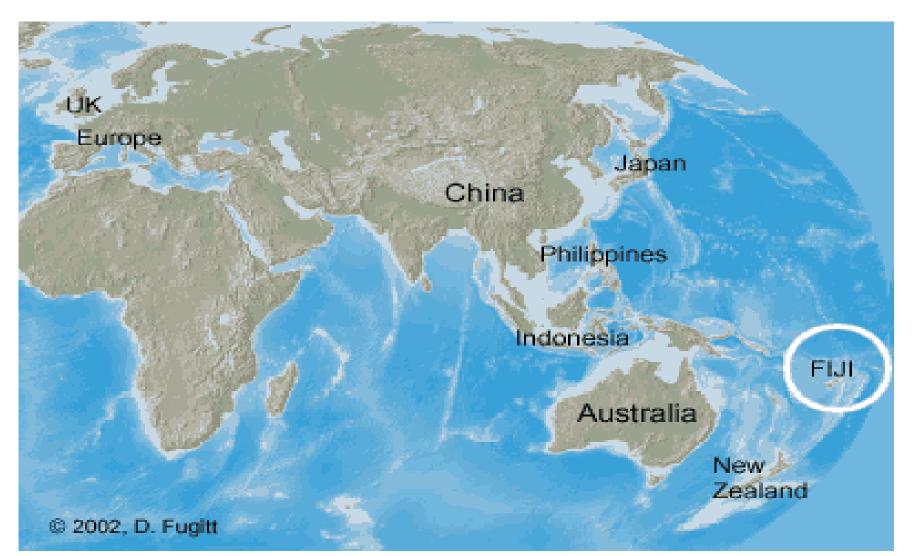
Fiji



Kobe, Japan



Where is Fiji?





Kobe, Japan 29-30 July 2017



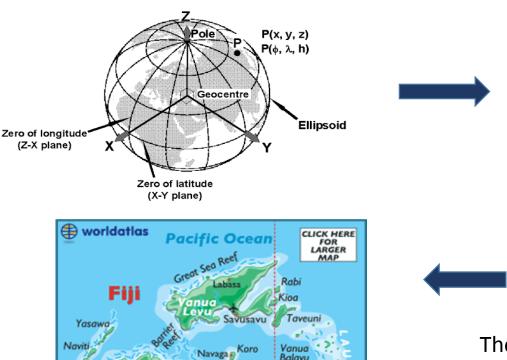
LAND STATISTICS

- •Lat 17° 45' S, Long 175° 00' E
- Population 858,038
- •Land Area 18,274 sq km (300+ islands)
 - iTaukei land 16,081 sq km (88%)
 - Freehold 1,462 sq km (8%)
 - State land 731 sq km (4%)

Kobe, Japan



From the whole to the part...



Ovalau

FIJI

LOW - HILLY - MTS

Nairai

Koro Sea

Moala 🌬

Matuku

70 mi

70 km

Lakeba

Totova

@GraphicMaps.con

Moce

Gau

GGraphicMaps.com North Pacific Ocean ASIA 1060 m 1000 km EQUATOR OCEA Australia TROPIC OF South Pacific Ocean Tasman Indian Sea Ocean 🜐 worldatlas 180°

The current positioning system In Fiji is based on the reference Ellipsoid WGS 72 - Projection Transverse Mercator, referred to as The Fiji Geodetic Datum 1986 and The Mean Sea Level as the Elevation Datum.



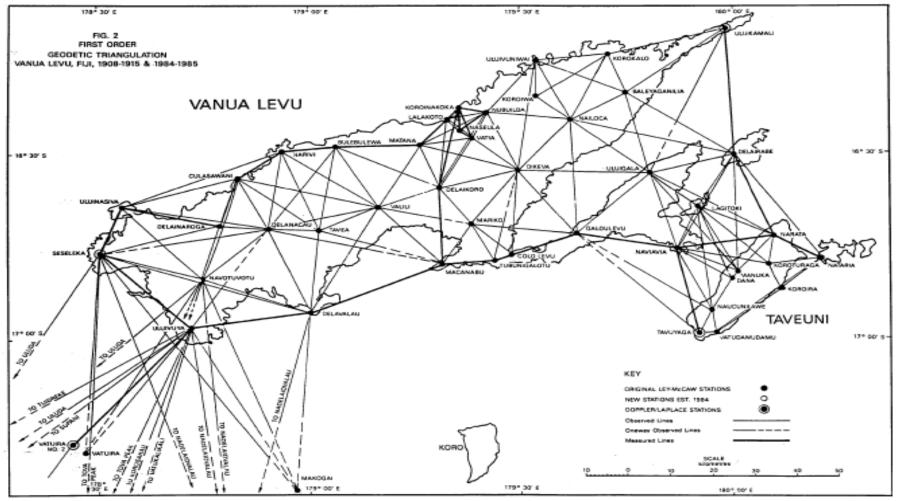
FIJI GEODETIC DATUM

In 1978, the New Zealand Government undertook a review of survey and mapping activities in Fiji and recommended for the establishment of a Datum for Fiji and in 1983, New Zealand established a local reference datum for Fiji called the Fiji Geodetic Datum 1986 (FGD86) which is base on the World Geodetic Systems 1972 (WGS72).

Among the many recommendations in their report is to enhancing and updating the existing control networks and the establishment of a datum capable of not only, meeting existing requirements but also those of any future land information system.



THE DEFINITION AND ADJUSTMENT OF THE FIJI **GEODETIC DATUM -1986** J. Hannah and J. Maseyk Department of Survey and Land Information, Wellington, New Zealand



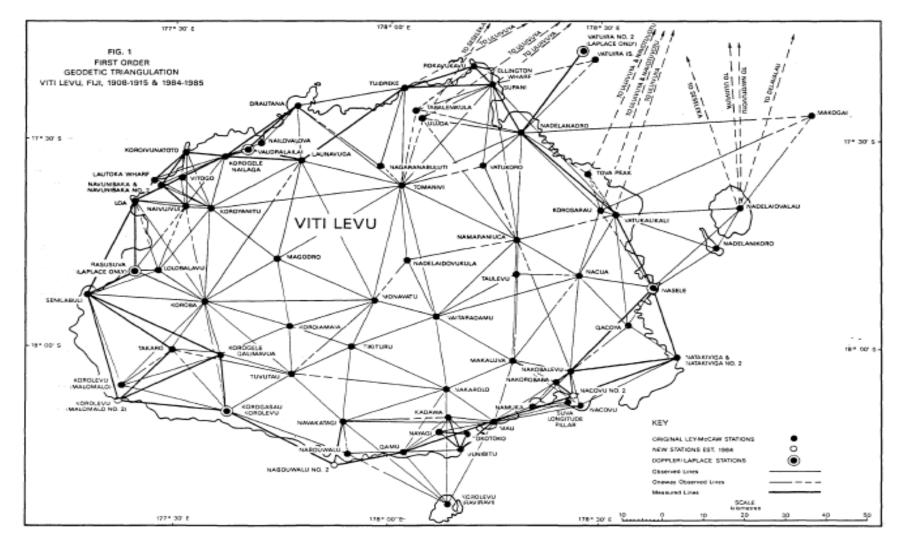
Page 7

GEODETIC DATUM -1986 J. Hannah and J. Maseyk Department of Survey and Land Information, Wellington, New Zealand



Kobe, Japan

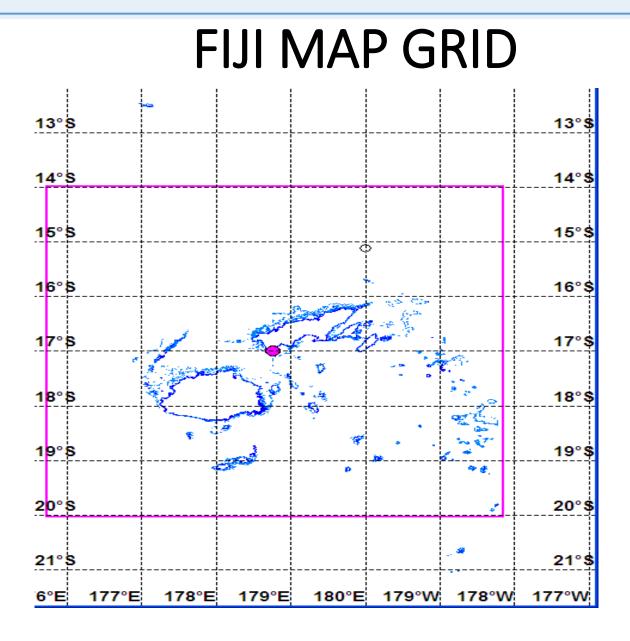




Page 8

Kobe, Japan 29-30 July 2017





- Fiji Islands
- Geodetic Datum
 - GRID
 - ~ Fiji Group ~

Conclusive indicators necessitating CHANGE

- Fiji Geodetic Datum 1986 is outdated compare to international standard.
- Inability to relate the actual sea level to landforms in real-time
- Inability to monitor relative tectonic plate movement using ground based controls
- The high costs related to the establishment of lower order ground control using conventional methods
- The availability of space based navigation and positioning systems with it's compatible required resources at manageable costs (Positional Infrastructure - PI)
- Has poor accuracy with a significant difference of over 20 meters.

FIG/IAG/UN-GGIM-AP/ICG/GSI/JFS

Kobe, Japan

29-30 July 2017 📘

echnical Seminar Reference Frame in Practice

J F S 🕀



- There has never been a better time for Fiji to effect the inevitable geodetic datum change from the current to the space based positioning system using the reference ellipsoid under the International Terrestrial Reference Frame (ITRF)
- If facilitated, the proposed change will ensure that internationally compatible systems will govern our positioning control framework in terms of the positioning infrastructure (PI) required
- Recent advances in satellite positioning technology and its widespread societal adoption in both developing and developed countries, reinforces the need for Fiji to adopt an International Recognized Geodetic Datum.
- * This will ensure Fiji's compatibility across various geographic information systems at
 - ✤ national
 - ✤ regional and
 - ✤ global level.

FIG/IAG/UN-GGIM-AP/ICG/GSI/JFS

29-30 July 2017

Kobe, Japan

Technical Seminar Reference Frame in Practice

JFŠ 🛟

NCG



Kobe, Japan 29-30 July 2017



Con't

- Fiji's move to a recognized international standard would enable our full commitment to address issues such as :
 - Sea level rise and climate change monitoring;
 - Natural hazard and disaster management;
 - Sustainable management and development of earth resources;
 - Safer air, land and sea navigation;
 - Spatial data interoperability; and
 - Land management



ocation based service

ehicles

FIG/IAG/UN-GGIM-AP/ICG/GSI/JFS Technical Seminar **Reference Frame in Practice**







cont'd







Kobe, Japan 29-30 July 2017



COMMITMENT

- United Nations General Assembly: 11th March 2015
 - Resolution 69/266 A global geodetic reference frame for sustainable development; in its 80th plenary meeting held 26th February 2015
- Cabinet Paper CP(15) 169 29th August 2015
- Cabinet Decision 207 Modernising Fiji's Geodetic Datum; 29th August 2015

ACHIEVEMENT

FIG/IAG/UN-GGIM-AP/ICG/GSI/JFS Technical Seminar **Reference Frame in Practice**

Kobe, Japan 29-30 July 2017



FEASIBLITY STUDY - Completed

- Site must be secure
- Does not have interference with the GPS/GNSS frequencies and not close to any telecommunication mast – 360⁰ sky clearance
- Sites should access 24/7 power supply and have back up power supply (e.g main power – FEA and Solar with battery back up)
- Have internet connection for data transmission to the Server
- Accessible by authorized personnel

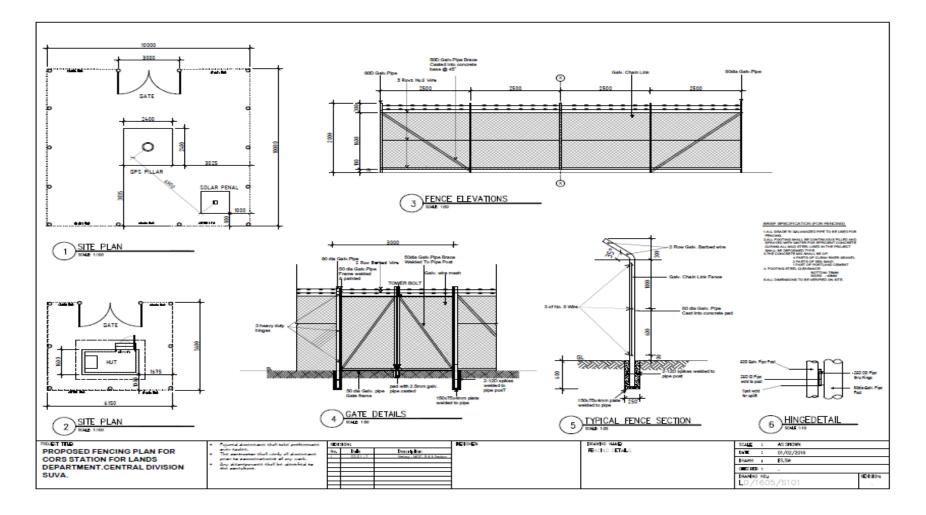


Continuous Operating Reference Stations - CORS

- Structural Drawings Huts and Pillars
 - completed and examined
 - Bill Of Quantities (BOQ)
 - Procurement of building materials



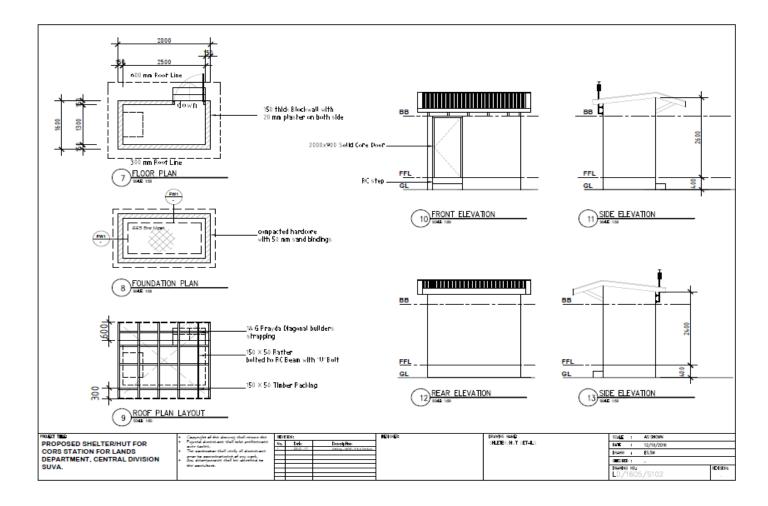
Fence Plan





Kobe, Japan 🖉 FI G 🕐 29-30 July 2017

Shelter/Hut for the CORS Plan

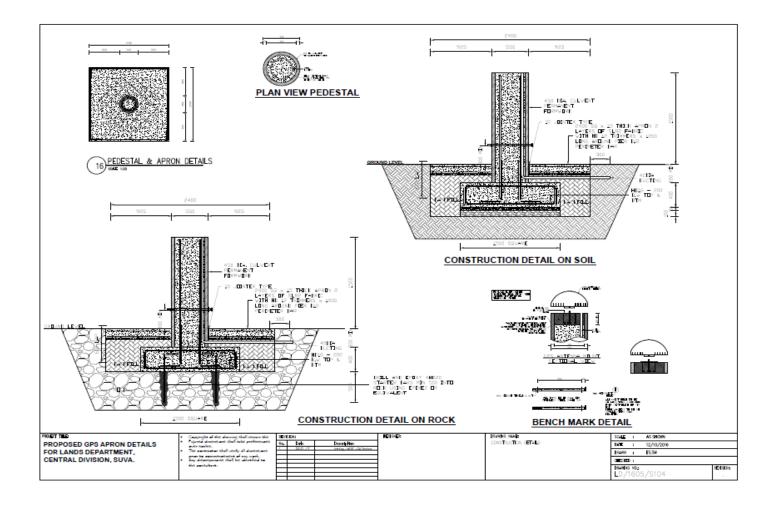


(ACG)

Kobe, Japan

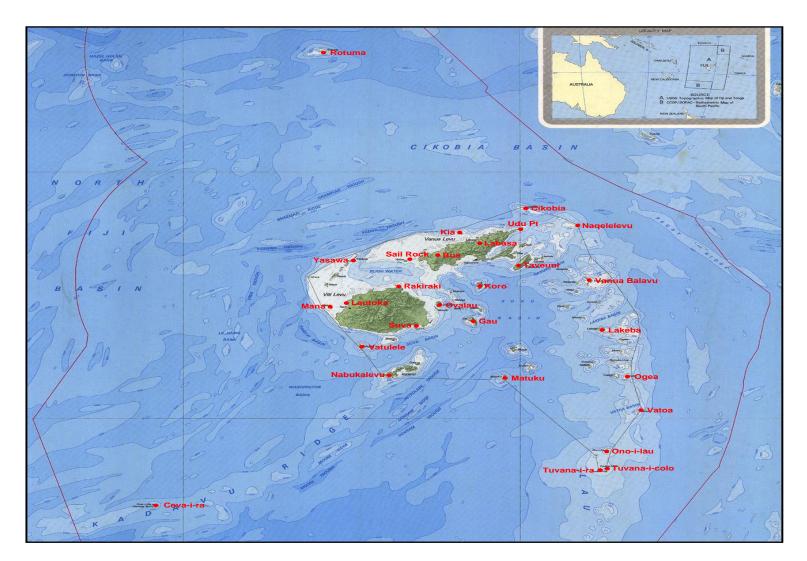


Pillar Plan





Fiji Islands GPS Survey Control Network Station



Kobe, Japan



